I Mina'trentai Singko Na Liheslaturan Guåhan THE THIRTY-FIFTH GUAM LEGISLATURE Bill HISTORY 5/24/2019 10:29 AM

I Mina'trentai Singko Na Liheslaturan Guåhan BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
142-35 (COR)		AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A RESPONSIBLE, MODERATE, INCREMENTAL	5/24/19						
		RAISING OF THE MINIMUM WAGE AND TO ROLLBACK THE BUSINESS PRIVILEGE TAX FROM FIVE PERCENT (5%) TO FOUR PERCENT (4%), BY REPEALING SECTION 2 OF PUBLIC LAW 34-116 AND AMEND § 26202,	10:06 a.m.						
		(a), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (j) (1), AND (j) (2), ARTICLE 2, CHAPTER 26, TITLE 11 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO							
		ROLLING BACK THE BUSINESS PRIVILEGE TAX FROM FIVE PERCENT (5%) TO FOUR PERCENT (4%) AND TO AMEND § 3105 OF ARTICLE 1,							
		CHAPTER 3, TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO A							
		RESPONSIBLE, MODERATE, INCREMENTAL RAISING OF THE MINIMUM WAGE.							

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I MINA'TRENTAI SINKO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2019 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 142 - 35 (COR)

Introduced by:

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William M. Castro

AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A RESPONSIBLE, MODERATE, INCREMENTAL RAISING OF THE MINIMUM WAGE AND TO ROLLBACK THE BUSINESS PRIVILEGE TAX FROM FIVE **PERCENT** (5%)TO **FOUR PERCENT** (4%),REPEALING SECTION 2 OF PUBLIC LAW 34-116 AND AMEND § 26202, (a), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (j), (1), AND (j), (2), ARTICLE 2, CHAPTER 26, TITLE 11 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO ROLLING BACK THE BUSINESS PRIVILEGE TAX FROM FIVE PERCENT (5%) TO FOUR PERCENT (4%) AND TO AMEND § 3105 OF ARTICLE 1. CHAPTER 3, TITLE 22 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO RESPONSIBLE, MODERATE. INCREMENTAL RAISING OF THE MINIMUM WAGE.

BE IN ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM

- Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds
- that the section of Public Law 34-116 increased the Business Privilege Tax (BPT)
- by 1 percent from four percent (4%) to five percent (5%) which thereafter adversely
- 5 affected the cost of goods and services for consumers.
- 6 I Liheslaturan Guåhan further finds that a government imposed increase in BPT,
- 7 and real property improvement tax coupled with another government mandated
- 8 increase in wages without the government itself demonstrating cost cutting
- 9 measures, increasing collections, and having yet realized enhanced revenues from
- new and growing industries is bad faith on the part of government.
- Section 2. Business Privilege Tax of Public Law 34-116 is hereby
- amended to read as follows:

Section 2. Business Privilege Tax Increase. Notwithstanding any other 1 provision of law, rule, or regulation, beginning on October 1, 2018, the business 2 privilege tax rate shall be five percent (5%). 3 § 26202 (a), (c) (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) (1), and (j) (2) of Section 3. 4 Article 2, Chapter 26, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated are hereby amended to read 5 as follows: 6 § 26202. 7 Rates. "The following rates shall apply in computing, assessing, and collecting the 8 BPT". 9 (a) Tax on the Business of Selling Tangible Personal Property. 10 Upon every person engaging or continuing within Guam in the business of 11 selling any tangible property whatsoever (not including bonds, or other 12 evidence of indebtedness or stocks), there shall be a tax equivalent to four 13 percent (4%) five percent (5%) of gross proceeds of sales; except that on the 14 gross proceeds of the operation of poker-machines, there shall be a tax 15 equivalent to eight percent (8%) on the gross proceeds of each machine, as 16 determined by subtracting the winnings, pay outs and malfunction refunds 17 from total receipts of each machine. 18 Tax on service business. Upon every person engaging in or 19 continuing within Guam, in any service business or calling not otherwise 20 specifically taxed under this section, [there shall be] a tax equivalent to four 21 percent (4%) five percent (5%) of the gross income of such business. 22 23 (d) Professionals. Upon every person engaging in or continuing within Guam, in any service business or calling not otherwise specifically 24 taxed under this section, [there shall be] a tax equivalent to four percent 25

(4%) five percent (5%) of the gross income of such business.

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Tax Contractors. There shall be levied, assessed, and collected (e) at a tax rate of four percent (4%), five percent (5%) measured against the gross income of any contractor; provided, that there shall be deducted from the gross income of the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included in the gross income earned from another taxpayer who is a contractor as defined in § 26101 (b) and who has already paid the tax levied under this subsection for goods and services that include the deductible gross income of the taxpayer who is a contractor; provided, that any person claiming a deduction under this subsection shall be required to show in the person's return either the name and the contractor's license number issued by the Guam Contractors Licensing Board (GCLB), or the Guam business license number, or the registration number for a professional engineer, architect, or land surveyor, or the Certificate of Authorization (COA) number for a business authorized to provide engineering, architecture, or land surveying services by the Guam Board of Registration for Professional Engineers, Architects, and Land Surveyors (PEALS) of the person paying the tax on the amount deducted by the person.

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- (f) Tax on banks, banking institutions, small lenders, and building and loan associations. Upon every person engaging or continuing within Guam in the business of operating any bank, banking institutions, building and loan association, small lending business, or lending institutions, there shall be a tax equivalent to four percent (4%) five percent (5%) of the net income received from the business.
- (g) Dealing in Foreign Currency. Upon every person engaging or continuing within Guam in the business of purchasing and selling foreign money, there *shall* be a tax equivalent to <u>four percent (4%)</u> five percent (5%) of the gross profit of such business represented by the difference between

the cost and selling price of the foreign currency measured in United States dollars.

- (h) Tax on other Business. Upon every person engaging or continuing within Guam in any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not specifically included in any other provision of this Article, there *shall* likewise be a tax equivalent to <u>four percent (4%)</u> five percent (5%) of the gross income of such business. This Section shall apply to the gross income of persons taxable under other provisions of this Chapter, but which gross income is not derived from the exercise or privilege taxable there under.
- (i) Insurers. Upon every person engaging or continuing within Guam in any business of an insurer, there *shall* be a tax at the rate of <u>four percent (4%)</u> five percent (5%) of gross income received as a premiums for the writing of insurance, less returned premiums and less commissions attributable to the sale and purchase of an insurance policy or policies of the insurer paid by said insurer to agents of the same, and <u>four percent (4%)</u> five <u>percent (5%)</u> of any other gross income earned or derived from Guam.

(j) Tour Agencies.

(1) Upon every person engaging or continuing within Guam in the business of a tour agency or travel agency, where tourism-related services are furnished to consumers by independent vendors through arrangements made by a travel agency, or tour packager, and the gross income is divided between the provider for the services on the other hand, a tax equivalent to <u>four percent (4%)</u> <u>five percent</u> (5%) shall be imposed on each person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more.

1	(2) Where transient accommodations are furnished through					
2	arrangements made by a travel agent or tour packager, the gross					
3	income is divided between thee provider of the transient					
4	accommodations on the one hand and travel agent or tour packager on					
5	the other hand, a tax equivalent to four percent (4%) five percent (5%)					
6	shall be imposed on each person's respective portion of the proceeds,					
7	and no more.					
8	Section 4. Minimum Wage amended to read as follows:					
9	§ 3105. Minimum Wages.					
10	"Every employer shall pay each person employed by them at a rate of not					
11	Less than Eight Dollars and Seventy-Five Cents (\$8.75) per hour effective July 1,					
12	2020; and not less than Nine Dollars and Twenty-Five Cents (\$9.25) per hour,					
13	effective July 1, 2021"					
14	Section 5. Severability.					
15	If any provision of this Law or its application to any person or circumstance					
16	is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall not affect other					
17	provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions of the law are severable.					
18	Section 6. Effective Date.					
19	This act shall be effective October 1, 2019 date of enactment.					